

17. INDUSTRY

Methodological notes

Industry includes activities connected with mining and quarrying; manufacturing; electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply; water supply, sewerage, waste management and remediation activities. Indicators are divided according to the ownership, number of employees and the Main Industrial Groupings. For more detailed breakdown by economic activities is applied Statistical Classification of Economic Activities SK NACE Rev. 2.

Industrial production is calculated according to the methodology valid in the European Union on the base of the Standard on Short-term Indicators. Industrial production calculation is based on the change of selected products volume expressed in physical terms and on the two-step weight system. The index expresses a change of industrial production in current year in comparison with base year. Data for industrial production calculation are fully-range surveyed for industrial enterprises enrolled in the Business Register with 20 and more employees, for selected industrial enterprises up to 19 employees and for selected enterprises with non-industrial main activity. Industrial production is published in index form.

Production of selected industrial commodities is given in the aggregation of products according to the list of industrial products PRODSLOV, which is elaborated on the base of international classification of products PRODCOM.

Definitions

Turnover includes all receipts from self-manufactured goods and services and receipts for goods, which are conducted by an enterprise for all its activities. Data are aggregated in accordance with main economic activity of enterprises and they are without value added tax and excise duty.

Turnover non-domestic includes the sale to a foreign customer that is realized by the manufacturing enterprise or by an intermediary organization. The sold products are transported directly from the store of the manufacturing enterprise abroad.

Industrial production expresses the change of production volume given in physical terms.

Production of selected industrial commodities includes the products intended for sale outside the enterprise as well as those consumed for manufacturing purposes (i.e. intra-plant consumption) and for industrial services (i.e. adaptations, repairs, maintenance, installation, contract treatment) and they are intended for outside sale.

Monthly labour productivity based on turnover is expressed by volume of the turnover per one employee in industry per month.

Average registered number of employees in persons includes permanent and temporary employees who have a contract of employment or service with the employing organisation regardless they were really at work or not, e.g. due to illness, recovery holidays etc. and also the employees who were not working e.g. due to work stoppage, strikes or disputes as well as part-time employees, employees who had their working time not divided into each working day and employees carried out the work only occasionally on call or by needs of organisation. Excluded are persons on maternity leave, apprentices and students in practice, private entrepreneurs and their associates, persons with the agreement on work performed outside an employment relationship.

Employed persons are employees and self-employed.

Source

All published data are the result of the statistical surveys of the Statistical Office of the SR.

More detailed information can be obtained in publications Results of Quarterly Surveys in Industry of the SR and Production of Selected Goods; Results of Annual Surveys in Industry in the SR, Production and Sales of Selected Goods by Enterprises and Establishments, in the Year-book of Industry as well as on the Statistical Office of the SR website in the section Sectoral statistics – Industry and in the public database of the Statistical Office of the SR DATAcube.